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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/695,759	10/30/2003	Takushi Yokoyama	0425-1062P	6887	
2292	7590 07/25/2006		EXAMINER		
	WART KOLASCH & I	GELLNER, JEFFREY L			
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHU	RCH, VA 22040-0747	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	,		3643		
		DATE MAILED: 07/25/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)		<del></del>				
Office Action Commence			59	YOKOYAMA ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
			Gellner	3643					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	opears on the	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication, or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutely reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF TH 1.136(a). In no even d will apply and we ate, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1) 🖾	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08	Mav 2006.							
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4) 🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>5,6,8,9,16 and 17</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-4, 7, 10-15, 18-27</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election r	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.							
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		objected to by the I	Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) t	e held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is requir	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	CFR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form P	TO-152.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreiç ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	gn priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).					
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have bee	n received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume		• •						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	-		ed in this Nationa	l Stage				
	application from the International Bure	•	` ''						
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certi	fied copies not receive	ed.					
Attachmen	t(s)		_						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary						
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	8)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P		ГО-152)				
	r No(s)/Mail Date	•	6) Other:	•					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

The allowability of claim 12 is withdrawn because of the amended language of this claim in the amendment received 8 May 2006.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 7, 10-15, and 18-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poole et al. (US 5,386,775) in view of Kishi et al. (US 4,021,275) in further view of Hinshaw et al. (US 5,241,281 B1).

As to claims 1 and 27, Poole et al. discloses a gas generating composition (col. 1 lines 5-8) comprising silica (col. 2, lines 65-68) and aluminum hydroxide (col. 2, lines 65-68). Not disclosed is the use of glass powder and a specific binder. Kishi et al., however, discloses the use of glass (col. 4 lines 28-46) with silica; Hinshaw et al. discloses a binder, guar gum (col. 11 lines 54-64). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the composition Poole et al. by using powdered glass as disclosed by Kishi et al. so as to have larger slag fragments which are easier to filter (from Kishi et al. at col. 4 lines 28-46) and to use a binder as disclosed by Hinshaw et al. so as to improve mechanical properties (Hinshaw et al. at col. 3 lines 15-2).

As to claims 2, 10, and 12, Poole et al. discloses a gas generating composition (col. 1 lines 5-8) comprising silica (col. 2, lines 65-68); aluminum hydroxide (col. 2, lines 65-68); an organic fuel, guanidine nitrate (col. 2 lines 46-54); and an oxygen-containing oxidizing agent (col. 2 lines 55-60). Not disclosed is the use of glass powder and a specific binder. Kishi et al., however, discloses the use of glass (col. 4 lines 28-46) with silica; Hinshaw et al. discloses a binder, guar gum (col. 11 lines 54-64). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the composition Poole et al. by using powdered glass as disclosed by Kishi et al. so as to have larger slag fragments which are easier to filter (from Kishi et al. at col. 4 lines 28-46) and to use a binder as disclosed by Hinshaw et al. so as to improve mechanical properties (Hinshaw et al. at col. 3 lines 15-2).

As to claim 7, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose quartz glass, soda lime glass, lead glass, aluminoborosilicate glass, borosilicate glass, aluminosilicate glass, and chalcogen glass (Kishi et al. at col. 4 lines 40-46).

As to claim 13, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose talc and clay (Poole at al. at col. 2 lines 65-68).

As to claims 19 and 20, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose a molded article by extrusion or an inflator (inherent in Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al.).

As to claims 22-26, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose the glass powder being 5 to 300 microns. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the further modify the composition of Poole

et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. by having the mass of the glass powder from 05. to 5% so as achieve a desired slag effect.

As to claim 3, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose a metal oxide additive (Hinshaw et al. at col. 9 lines 54-63). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the composition Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. by adding a metal oxide additive as disclosed by Hinshaw et al. so as to modify the burn rate (Hinshaw et al. at col. 9 lines 54-63).

As to claim 4, the limitations of claim 3 are disclosed as described above. Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose component (c) between 30 and 60% (Poole et al. at col. 5, Example 1); and component (d) 60% or less ((Poole et al. at col. 5, Example 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the composition Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al by making the components have the percentages as disclosed in claim 4 so as to achieve a desired burn rate and gas generation.

As to claim 11, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose a basic metal nitrate ("gerhardite" of Table 2 of Hinshaw et al.).

As to claim 14, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose aluminum hydroxide (Poole et al. at col. 2 lines 65-68). Not disclosed is the binder being 1 to 5% mass. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the composition Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al by making the binder 1 to 5% mass so as to achieve a desired mechanical strength (from Hinshaw et al. at col. 3 lines 15-20).

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As to claim 15, Poole et al. discloses a gas generating composition (col. 1 lines 5-8) comprising silica (col. 2, lines 65-68) and guanidine nitrate (col. 2, lines 46-54). Not disclosed is the use of glass powder, basic copper nitrate, and a specific binder. Kishi et al., however, discloses the use of glass (col. 4 lines 28-46) with silica; and, Hinshaw et al. discloses basic metal nitrate ("gerhardite" of Table 2 of Hinshaw et al.) and a binder, guar gum (col. 11 lines 54-64). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the composition Poole et al. by using powdered glass as disclosed by Kishi et al. so as to have larger slag fragments which are easier to filter (from Kishi et al. at col. 4 lines 28-46) and to use basic copper nitrate as disclosed by Hinshaw et al. so at have a cool burning compound that is less costly (see Hinshaw et al. at col. 12 lines 36-47) and to use a binder as disclosed by Hinshaw et al. so as to improve mechanical properties (Hinshaw et al. at col. 3 lines 15-2).

As to claim 18, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose Al hydroxide (Poole et al. at col. 2 lines 65-68).

As to claims 19,20, and 21, Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al. further disclose a molded article by extrusion or an inflator (inherent in Poole et al. as modified by Kishi et al. and Hinshaw et al.).

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 8 May 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicants' argument is that neither Poole et al., Kishi et al., nor Hinshaw et al disclose one of the specific binders claimed by Applicant (Remarks page 13, bottom half; page

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15 top half). Examiner considers Hinshaw et al. to disclose at least guar gum at, for example, col. 11, lines 54-64.

## Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey L. Gellner whose telephone number is 571.272.6887. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30-4:00, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Poon can be reached on 571.272.6891. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Jeffrey L. Gellner Primary Examiner Art Unit 3643